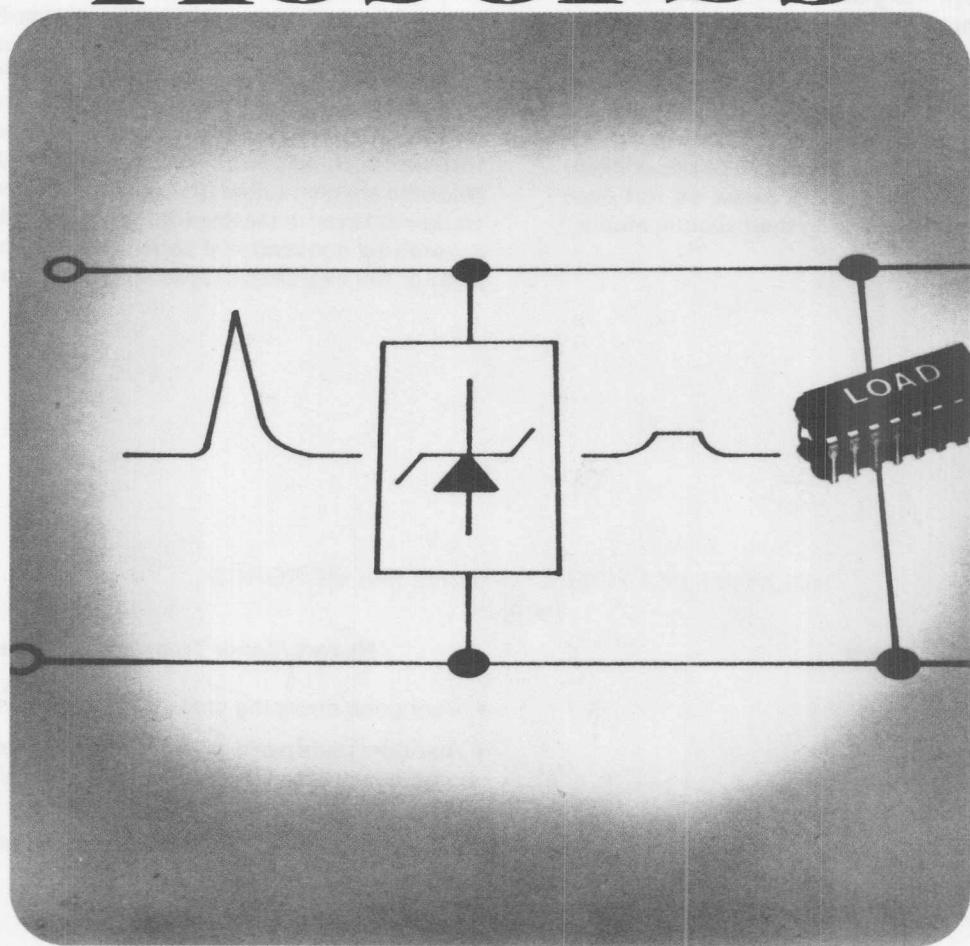


Some Straight Talk About **Mosorbs***



*MOTOROLA HIGH CURRENT
SURGE PROTECTORS



MOTOROLA
Semiconductor Products Inc.

ADVANCED SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES (PTY) LTD.
P.O. BOX 2944
JOHANNESBURG 2000
TEL. 802-5820



MOSORBS

SOME STRAIGHT TALK ABOUT TRANSIENT SUPPRESSORS

Distinction is sometimes made between devices trademarked Mosorb (by Motorola Inc.), and standard zener/avalanche diodes used for reference, low-level regulation and low-level protection purposes. It must be emphasized from the beginning that Mosorb devices are, in fact, zener diodes. The basic semiconductor technology and processing are identical. The primary difference is in the applications for which they are designed. Mosorb devices are intended specifically for transient protection purposes and are designed, therefore, with a large effective junction area that provides high pulse power capability while minimizing the total silicon use. Thus, Mosorb pulse power ratings begin at 600 watts — well in excess of low power conventional zener diodes which in many cases do not even include pulse power ratings among their specifications.

MOVs, like Mosorbs, do have the pulse power capabilities for transient suppression. They are metal oxide varistors (not semiconductors) that exhibit bidirectional avalanche characteristics, similar to those of back-to-back connected zeners. The main attributes of such devices are low manufacturing cost, the ability to absorb high energy surges (up to 600 joules) and symmetrical bidirectional "breakdown" characteristics. Major disadvantages are: high clamping factor, an internal wear-out mechanism and an absence of low-end voltage capability. These limitations restrict the use of MOVs primarily to the protection of insensitive electronic components against high energy transients in applications above 20 volts, whereas, Mosorbs are best suited for precise protection of sensitive equipment even in the low voltage range — the same range covered by conventional zener diodes. The relative features of the two device types are covered in Table 1.

RELATIVE FEATURES OF MOVs and MOSORBS

Table 1

MOV	Mosorb/Zener Transient Suppressor
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• High clamping factor.• Symmetrically bidirectional.• Energy capability per dollar usually much lower than a silicon device. However, if good clamping is required a higher energy device would be needed, resulting in higher cost.• Inherent wear out mechanism clamp voltage degrades after every pulse, even when pulsed below rated value.• Ideally suited for crude ac line protection.• High single-pulse current capability.• Degrades with overstress.• Good high voltage capability.• Limited low voltage capability.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Very good clamping close to the operating voltage.• Standard parts perform like standard zeners and have to be ordered as specials for symmetrical bidirectional operation.• Good clamping characteristic could reduce overall system cost.• No inherent wear out mechanism.• Ideally suited for precise dc protection.• Medium multiple-pulse current capability.• Fails short with overstress.• Limited high voltage capability unless series devices are used.• Good low voltage capability.

Important Specifications for Mosorb Protective Devices

Typically, a Mosorb suppressor is used in parallel with the components or circuits being protected (Figure 1), in order to shunt the destructive energy spike, or surge, around the more sensitive components. It does this by avalanching at its "breakdown" level, ideally representing an infinite impedance at voltages below its rated breakdown voltage, and essentially zero impedance at voltages above this level.

In the more practical case, there are three voltage specifications of significance, as shown in Figure 1a.

- a) VRWM is the maximum reverse stand-off voltage at which the Mosorb is cut off and its impedance is at its highest value — that is, the current through the device is essentially the leakage current of a back-biased diode.
- b) V(BR) is the breakdown voltage — a voltage at which the device is entering the avalanche region, as indicated by a slight (specified) rise in current beyond the leakage current.
- c) VRSM is the maximum reverse voltage (clamping voltage) which is defined and specified in conjunction with the maximum reverse surge current so as not to exceed the maximum peak power rating at a pulse width (t_p) of 1.0 ms (industry std time for measuring surge capability).

In practice, the Mosorb is selected so that its VRWM is equal to or somewhat higher than the highest operating voltage required by the load (the circuits or components to be protected). Under normal conditions, the Mosorb is inoperative and dissipates very little power when a transient occurs, the Mosorb converts to a very low dynamic impedance and the voltage across the Mosorb becomes the clamping voltage at some level above V(BR). The actual clamping level will depend on the surge current through the Mosorb. The maximum reverse surge current (I_{RSM}) is specified on the Mosorb data sheets at 1.0 ms and for a logarithmically delaying pulse waveform. The data sheet also contains curves to determine the maximum surge current rating at other time intervals.

Typically, Mosorb devices have a built-in safety margin at the maximum rated surge current because the clamp voltage, VRSM, is itself, guardbanded. Thus, the parts will be operating below their maximum pulse-power (P_{pk}) rating even when operated at maximum reverse surge current.

If the transients are random in nature (and in many cases they are), determining the surge-current level can be a problem. The circuit designer must make a reasonable estimate of the proper device to be used, based on his

knowledge of the system and the possible transients to be encountered. (e.g., transient voltage, source impedance and time, or transient energy and time are some characteristics that must be estimated). Because of the very low dynamic impedance of Mosorb devices in the region between V(BR) and VRSM, the maximum surge current is dependent on, and limited by the external circuitry.

In cases where this surge current is relatively low, a conventional zener diode could be used in place of a Mosorb or other dedicated protective device with some possible savings in cost. The surge capabilities of all of Motorola's zener diode lines are discussed in Motorola's Application Note AN-784A.

In the data sheets of some protective devices, the parameter for response time is emphasized. Response time on these data sheets is defined as the time required for the voltage across the protective device to rise from 0 to V(BR), and relates primarily to the effective series impedance associated with the device. This effective impedance is somewhat complex and changes drastically from the blocking mode to the avalanche mode. In most applications (where the protective device shunts the load) this response time parameter becomes virtually meaningless as indicated by the waveforms in Figures 1b and 1c. If the response time as defined is very long, it still would not affect the performance of the surge suppressor.

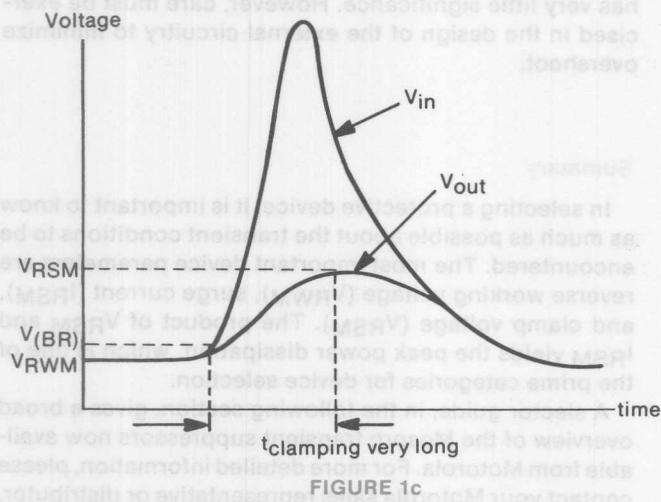
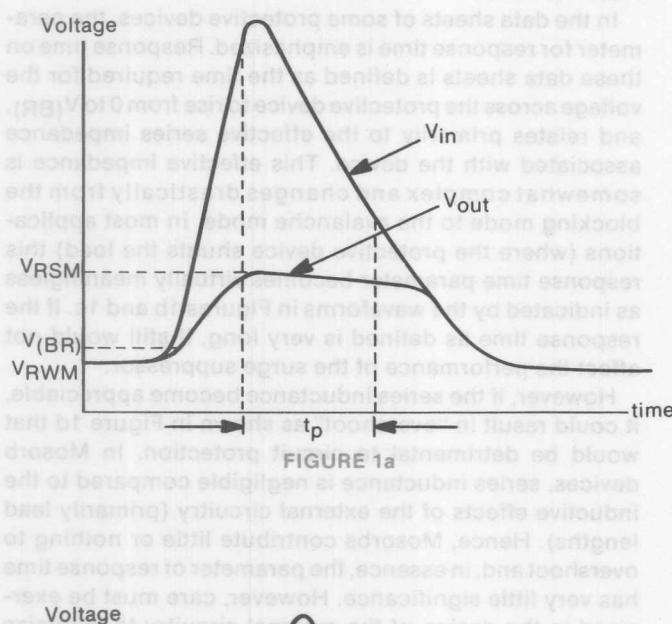
However, if the series inductance become appreciable, it could result in "overshoot" as shown in Figure 1d that would be detrimental to circuit protection. In Mosorb devices, series inductance is negligible compared to the inductive effects of the external circuitry (primarily lead lengths). Hence, Mosorbs contribute little or nothing to overshoot and, in essence, the parameter of response time has very little significance. However, care must be exercised in the design of the external circuitry to minimize overshoot.

Summary

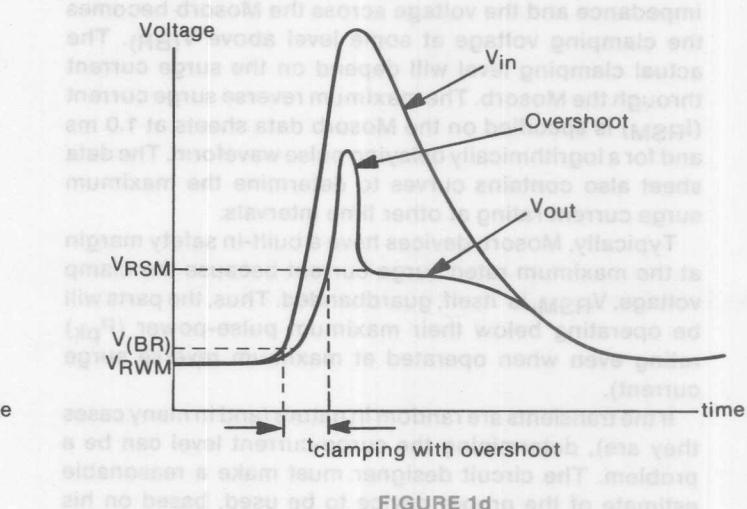
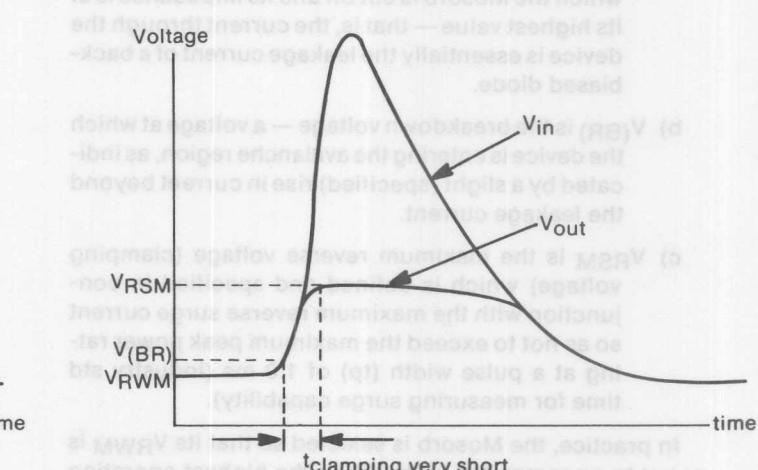
In selecting a protective device, it is important to know as much as possible about the transient conditions to be encountered. The most important device parameters are reverse working voltage (VRWM), surge current (I_{RSM}), and clamp voltage (VRSM). The product of VRSM and I_{RSM} yields the peak power dissipation, which is one of the prime categories for device selection.

A selector guide, in the following section, gives a broad overview of the Mosorb transient suppressors now available from Motorola. For more detailed information, please contact your Motorola sales representative or distributor.

of elements of interest are the most effective way to protect against overvoltage transients. Protection is achieved by connecting a Zener diode or a varistor in parallel with the load. This approach is effective but it has some disadvantages. It requires a large amount of space and it can be expensive. It also limits the current that can be supplied to the load.

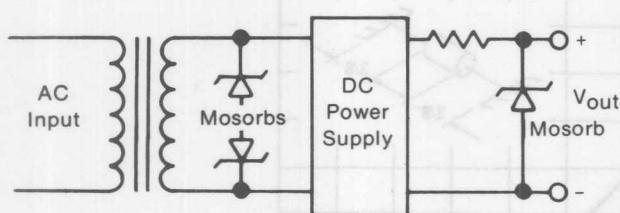


The circuit shown in Figure 1a is a basic representation of a MOSORB. It consists of a Zener diode or varistor in parallel with the load. The Zener diode is reverse-biased until the input voltage exceeds its breakdown voltage. At this point, the Zener diode begins to conduct, clamping the output voltage to a safe level. The circuit is designed to clamp the output voltage to a safe level during overvoltage events.

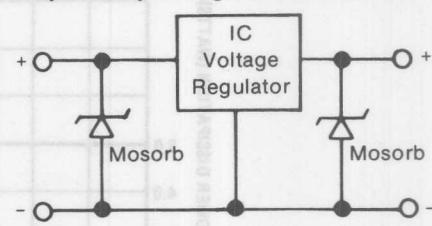


TYPICAL MOSORB APPLICATIONS

DC Power Supplies

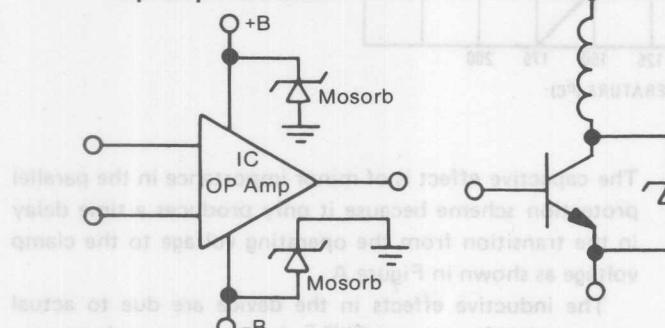


Input/Output Regulator Protection

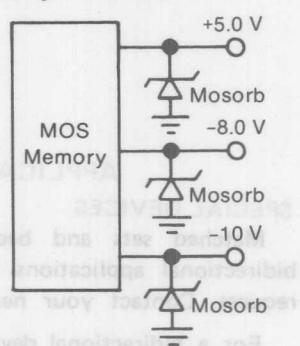


Inductive Switching Transistor Protection

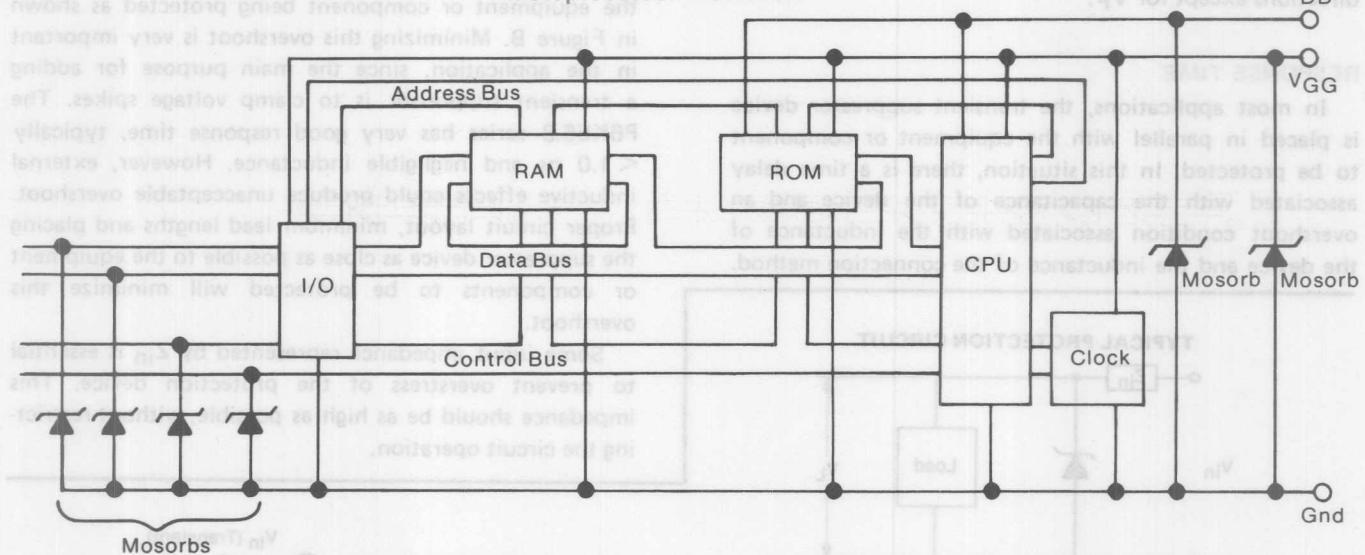
Op Amp Protection



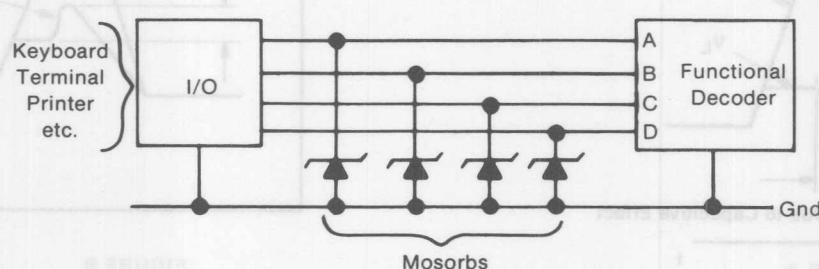
Memory Protection



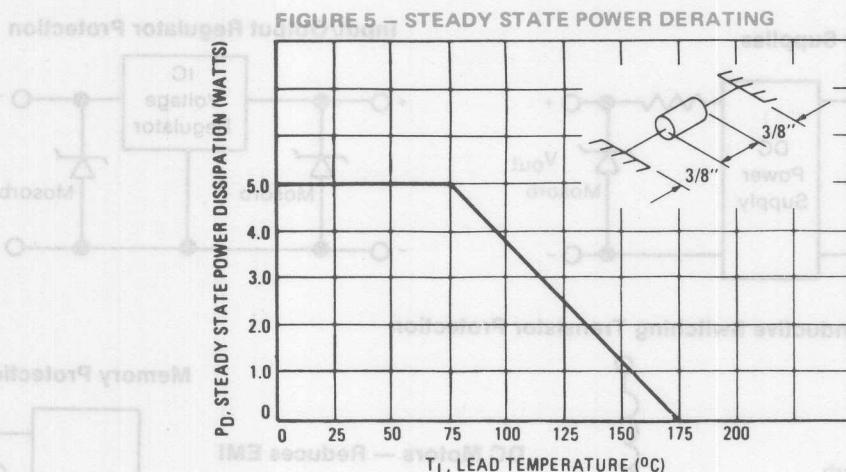
Microprocessor Protection



Computer Interface Protection



TYPICAL MOSORBS APPLICATIONS



APPLICATION NOTES

SPECIAL DEVICES

Matched sets and back-to-back configurations for bidirectional applications can be ordered upon special request. Contact your nearest Motorola representative.

For a bidirectional device use a C or CA suffix (i.e. P6KE6.8CA). Electrical characteristics apply in both directions except for VF.

RESPONSE TIME

In most applications, the transient suppressor device is placed in parallel with the equipment or component to be protected. In this situation, there is a time delay associated with the capacitance of the device and an overshoot condition associated with the inductance of the device and the inductance of the connection method.

The capacitive effect is of minor importance in the parallel protection scheme because it only produces a time delay in the transition from the operating voltage to the clamp voltage as shown in Figure A.

The inductive effects in the device are due to actual turn-on time (time required for the device to go from zero current to full current) and lead inductance. This inductive effect produces an overshoot in the voltage across the equipment or component being protected as shown in Figure B. Minimizing this overshoot is very important in the application, since the main purpose for adding a transient suppressor is to clamp voltage spikes. The P6KE6.8 series has very good response time, typically < 1.0 ns and negligible inductance. However, external inductive effects could produce unacceptable overshoot. Proper circuit layout, minimum lead lengths and placing the suppressor device as close as possible to the equipment or components to be protected will minimize this overshoot.

Some input impedance represented by Z_{in} is essential to prevent overstress of the protection device. This impedance should be as high as possible, without restricting the circuit operation.

TYPICAL PROTECTION CIRCUIT

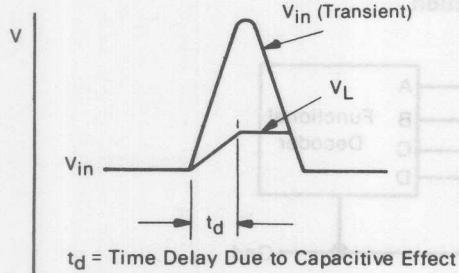
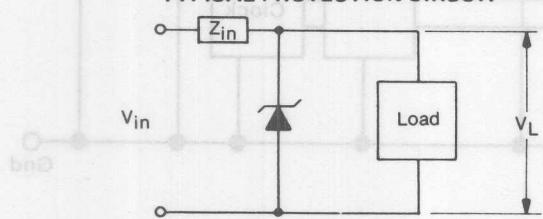


FIGURE A

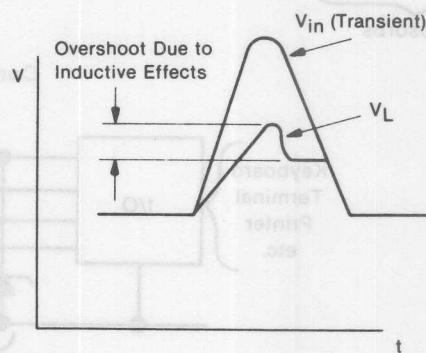


FIGURE B

MOSORBS
TABLE 2 — Selector Guide

System DC Voltage or System Peak Voltage	600 Watts Peak Pulse Power @ 1.0 ms		1500 Watts Peak Pulse Power @ 1.0 ms						8000 Watts Peak Pulse Power @ 1.0 ms
	Surmetic 40 Case 17		Case 41						
	Unidirectional	Bidirectional	Unidirectional	Bidirectional	Unidirectional	Bidirectional	Unidirectional	Bidirectional	Unidirectional
5.0			1N5908		1N6373			ICTE-5	
6.0	P6KE6.8A		1N6267A						
6.5	P6KE7.5A	P6KE7.5CA	1N6268A	1.5KE7.5CA					
7.0	P6KE8.2A	P6KE8.2CA	1N6269A	1.5KE8.2CA					
8.0	P6KE9.1A	P6KE9.1CA	1N6270A	1.5KE9.1CA	1N6374	1N6382		ICTE-8	ICTE-8C
8.5	P6KE10A	P6KE10CA	1N6271A	1.5KE10CA					
9.0	P6KE11A	P6KE11CA	1N6272A	1.5KE11CA					
10	P6KE12A	P6KE12CA	1N6273A	1.5KE12CA	1N6375	1N6383		ICTE-10	ICTE-10C
11	P6KE13A	P6KE13CA	1N6274A	1.5KE13CA					
12					1N6376	1N6384		ICTE-12	ICTE-12C
13	P6KE15A	P6KE15CA	1N6275A	1.5KE15CA					
14	P6KE16A	P6KE16CA	1N6276A	1.5KE16CA					MPZ5-16A&B
15					1N6377	1N6385		ICTE-15	ICTE-15C
16	P6KE18A	P6KE18CA	1N6277A	1.5KE18CA					
17	P6KE20A	P6KE20CA	1N6278A	1.5KE20CA					
18	P6KE22A	P6KE22CA	1N6279A	1.5KE22CA	1N6378	1N6386		ICTE-18	ICTE-18C
20	P6KE24A	P6KE24CA	1N6280A	1.5KE24CA					
22					1N6379	1N6387		ICTE-22	ICTE-22C
24	P6KE27A	P6KE27CA	1N6281A	1.5KE27CA					
26	P6KE30A	P6KE30CA	1N6282A	1.5KE30CA					
28	P6KE33A	P6KE33CA	1N6283A	1.5KE33CA					MZP5-32A,B&C
30	P6KE36A	P6KE36CA	1N6284A	1.5KE36CA					
33	P6KE39A	P6KE39CA	1N6285A	1.5KE39CA					
36	P6KE43A	P6KE43CA	1N6286A	1.5KE43CA	1N6380	1N6388		ICTE-36	ICTE-36C
40	P6KE47A	P6KE47CA	1N6287A	1.5KE47CA					
43	P6KE51A	P6KE51CA	1N6288A	1.5KE51CA					
45					1N6381	1N6389		ICTE-45	ICTE-45C
48	P6KE56A	P6KE56CA	1N6289A	1.5KE56CA					
54	P6KE62A	P6KE62CA	1N6290A	1.5KE62CA					
58	P6KE68A	P6KE68CA	1N6291A	1.5KE68CA					
64	P6KE75A	P6KE75CA	1N6292A	1.5KE75CA					
70	P6KE82A	P6KE82CA	1N6293A	1.5KE82CA					
78	P6KE91A	P6KE91CA	1N6294A	1.5KE91CA					
85	P6KE100A	P6KE100CA	1N6295A	1.5KE100CA					
90	P6KE110A	P6KE110CA	1N6296A	1.5KE110CA					
100	P6KE120A	P6KE120CA	1N6297A	1.5KE120CA					
110	P6KE130A	P6KE130CA	1N6298A	1.5KE130CA					
120	P6KE150A	P6KE150CA	1N6299A	1.5KE150CA					
130	P6KE160A	P6KE160CA	1N6300A	1.5KE160CA					
140	P6KE170A	P6KE170CA	1N6301A	1.5KE170CA					
150	P6KE180A	P6KE180CA	1N6302A	1.5KE180CA					
165									
170	P6KE200A	P6KE200CA	1N6303A	1.5KE200CA					MPZ5-180A,B,C

MOSORBS/P6KE6.8 Series



MOTOROLA

**P6KE6.8,A
thru
P6KE200,A**

ZENER OVERVOLTAGE TRANSIENT SUPPRESSOR

The P6KE6.8 series is designed to protect voltage sensitive components from high voltage, high energy transients. They have excellent clamping capability, high surge capability, low zener impedance and fast response time. The P6KE6.8 series is supplied in Motorola's exclusive, cost-effective, highly reliable surmetic axial leaded package and is ideally-suited for use in communication systems, numerical controls, process controls, medical equipment, business machines, power supplies and many other industrial/consumer applications.

SPECIFICATION FEATURES

- Standard Zener Voltage Range — 6.8 to 200 V
- Peak Power — 600 Watts @ 1.0 ms
- Maximum Clamp Voltage @ Peak Pulse Current
- Low Leakage < 5.0 μ A above 10 V
- Maximum Temperature Coefficient Specified

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Units
Peak Power Dissipation (1) @ $T_L \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{PK}	600	Watts
Steady State Power Dissipation @ $T_L \leq 75^\circ\text{C}$, Lead Length = 3/8" Derated above $T_L = 75^\circ\text{C}$	P_D	5.0 50	Watts $\text{mW}/^\circ\text{C}$
Forward Surge Current (2) @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	I_{FSM}	100	Amps
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{Stg}	-65 to +175	$^\circ\text{C}$

Lead Temperature not less than 1/16" from the case for 10 seconds: 230°C

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Void-free, transfer-molded, thermosetting plastic

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads are readily solderable and weldable

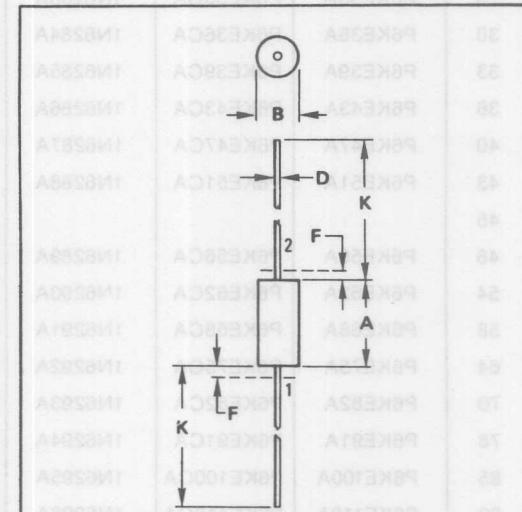
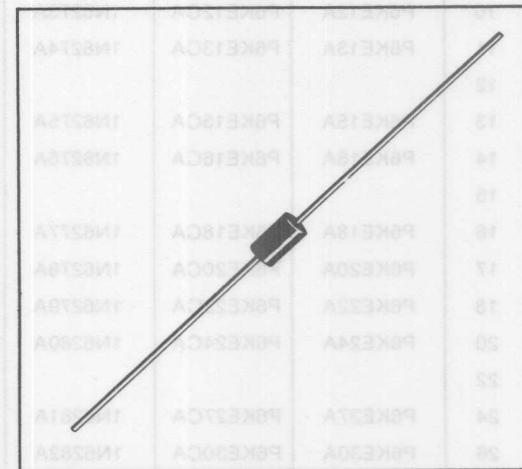
POLARITY: Cathode indicated by polarity band. When operated in zener mode, will be positive with respect to anode

MOUNTING POSITION: Any

NOTES: 1. Non-Repetitive Current Pulse per Figure 4 and Derated above $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ per Figure 2.

2. 1/2 Square Wave (or equivalent), PW = 8.3 ms,
Duty Cycle = 4 Pulses per Minute maximum.

MOSORBS ZENER OVERVOLTAGE TRANSIENT SUPPRESSORS			
IN686A	IN686B	IN686C	IN686D
IN688A	IN688B	IN688C	IN688D
IN690A	IN690B	IN690C	IN690D



NOTE:
1. LEAD DIAMETER & FINISH NOT
CONTROLLED WITHIN DIM "F".

STYLE 1:
PIN 1. ANODE
2. CATHODE

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	8.38	8.89	0.330	0.350
B	3.30	3.68	0.130	0.145
D	0.94	1.09	0.037	0.043
F	—	1.27	—	0.050
K	25.40	31.75	1.000	1.250

CASE 17-02

MOSORBS/P6KE6.8 Series

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted) $V_F = 3.5 \text{ V max}$, $I_F^{**} = 50 \text{ A}$ for all types.

Device	Breakdown Voltage *			Working Peak Reverse Voltage V_{RWM} (Volts)	Maximum Reverse Leakage @ V_{RWM} I_R (μA)	Maximum Reverse Surge Current $I_{RSM}^†$ (Amps)	Maximum Reverse Voltage @ I_{RSM} (Clamping Voltage) V_{RSM} (Volts)	Maximum Temperature Coefficient of V_{BR} (%/ $^\circ\text{C}$)
	Min	Nom	Max					
	6.12	6.8	7.48	10	5.50	1000	56	10.8
P6KE6.8A	6.45	6.8	7.14	10	5.80	1000	57	10.5
P6KE7.5	6.75	7.5	8.25	10	6.05	500	51	11.7
P6KE7.5A	7.13	7.5	7.88	10	6.40	500	53	11.3
P6KE8.2	7.38	8.2	9.02	10	6.63	200	48	12.5
P6KE8.2A	7.79	8.2	8.61	10	7.02	200	50	12.1
P6KE9.1	8.19	9.1	10.0	1.0	7.37	50	44	13.8
P6KE9.1A	8.65	9.1	9.55	1.0	7.78	50	45	13.4
P6KE10	9.00	10	11.0	1.0	8.10	10	40	15.0
P6KE10A	9.50	10	10.5	1.0	8.55	10	41	14.5
P6KE11	9.90	11	12.1	1.0	8.92	5.0	37	16.2
P6KE11A	10.5	11	11.6	1.0	9.40	5.0	38	15.6
P6KE12	10.8	12	13.2	1.0	9.72	5.0	35	17.3
P6KE12A	11.4	12	12.6	1.0	10.2	5.0	36	16.7
P6KE13	11.7	13	14.3	1.0	10.5	5.0	32	19.0
P6KE13A	12.4	13	13.7	1.0	11.1	5.0	33	18.2
P6KE15	13.5	15	16.5	1.0	12.1	5.0	27	22.0
P6KE15A	14.3	15	15.8	1.0	12.8	5.0	28	21.2
P6KE16	14.4	16	17.6	1.0	12.9	5.0	26	23.5
P6KE16A	15.2	16	16.8	1.0	13.6	5.0	27	22.5
P6KE18	16.2	18	19.8	1.0	14.5	5.0	23	26.5
P6KE18A	17.1	18	18.9	1.0	15.3	5.0	24	25.2
P6KE20	18.0	20	22.0	1.0	16.2	5.0	21	29.1
P6KE20A	19.0	20	21.0	1.0	17.1	5.0	22	27.7
P6KE22	19.8	22	24.2	1.0	17.8	5.0	19	31.9
P6KE22A	20.9	22	23.1	1.0	18.8	5.0	20	30.6
P6KE24	21.6	24	26.4	1.0	19.4	5.0	17	34.7
P6KE24A	22.8	24	25.2	1.0	20.5	5.0	18	33.2
P6KE27	24.3	27	29.7	1.0	21.8	5.0	15	39.1
P6KE27A	25.7	27	28.4	1.0	23.1	5.0	16	37.5
P6KE30	27.0	30	33.0	1.0	24.3	5.0	14	43.5
P6KE30A	28.5	30	31.5	1.0	25.6	5.0	14.4	41.4
P6KE33	29.7	33	36.3	1.0	26.8	5.0	12.6	47.7
P6KE33A	31.4	33	34.7	1.0	28.2	5.0	13.2	45.7
P6KE36	32.4	36	39.6	1.0	29.1	5.0	11.6	52.0
P6KE36A	34.2	36	37.8	1.0	30.8	5.0	12	49.9
P6KE39	35.1	39	42.9	1.0	31.6	5.0	10.6	56.4
P6KE39A	37.1	39	41.0	1.0	33.3	5.0	11.2	53.9
P6KE43	38.7	43	47.3	1.0	34.8	5.0	9.6	61.9
P6KE43A	40.9	43	45.2	1.0	36.8	5.0	10.1	59.3
P6KE47	42.3	47	51.7	1.0	38.1	5.0	8.9	67.8
P6KE47A	44.7	47	49.4	1.0	40.2	5.0	9.3	64.8
P6KE51	45.9	51	56.1	1.0	41.3	5.0	8.2	73.5
P6KE51A	48.5	51	53.6	1.0	43.6	5.0	8.6	70.1
P6KE56	50.4	56	61.6	1.0	45.4	5.0	7.4	80.5
P6KE56A	53.2	56	58.8	1.0	47.8	5.0	7.8	77.0
P6KE62	55.8	62	68.2	1.0	50.2	5.0	6.8	89.0
P6KE62A	58.9	62	65.1	1.0	53.0	5.0	7.1	85.0
P6KE68	61.2	68	74.8	1.0	55.1	5.0	6.1	98.0
P6KE68A	64.6	68	71.4	1.0	58.1	5.0	6.5	92.0
P6KE75	67.5	75	82.5	1.0	60.7	5.0	5.5	108.0
P6KE75A	71.3	75	78.8	1.0	64.1	5.0	5.8	103.0
P6KE82	73.8	82	90.2	1.0	66.4	5.0	5.1	118.0
P6KE82A	77.9	82	86.1	1.0	70.1	5.0	5.3	113.0
P6KE91	81.9	91	100.0	1.0	73.7	5.0	4.8	131.0
P6KE91A	86.5	91	95.50	1.0	77.8	5.0	4.8	125.0

MOSORBS/P6KE6.8 Series

MOSORBS/P6KE6.8 Series

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Device	Breakdown Voltage			Working Peak Reverse Voltage V_{RWM} (Volts)	Maximum Reverse Leakage @ V_{RWM} I_R (μ A)	Maximum Reverse Surge Current I_{RSM}^\dagger (Amps)	Maximum Reverse Voltage @ I_{RSM} (Clamping Voltage) V_{RSM} (Volts)	Maximum Temperature Coefficient of V_{BR} (%/ $^{\circ}$ C)	
	Min	Nom	Max						
P6KE100	90.0	100	110.0	1.0	81.0	5.0	4.2	144.0	0.106
P6KE100A	95.0	100	105.0	1.0	85.5	5.0	4.4	137.0	0.106
P6KE110	99.0	110	121.0	1.0	89.2	5.0	3.8	158.0	0.107
P6KE110A	105.0	110	116.0	1.0	94.0	5.0	4.0	152.0	0.107
P6KE120	108.0	120	132.0	1.0	97.2	5.0	3.5	173.0	0.107
P6KE120A	114.0	120	126.0	1.0	102.0	5.0	3.6	165.0	0.107
P6KE130	117.0	130	143.0	1.0	105.0	5.0	3.2	187.0	0.107
P6KE130A	124.0	130	137.0	1.0	111.0	5.0	3.3	179.0	0.107
P6KE150	135.0	150	165.0	1.0	121.0	5.0	2.8	215.0	0.108
P6KE150A	143.0	150	158.0	1.0	128.0	5.0	2.9	207.0	0.108
P6KE160	144.0	160	176.0	1.0	130.0	5.0	2.6	230.0	0.108
P6KE160A	152.0	160	168.0	1.0	136.0	5.0	2.7	219.0	0.108
P6KE170	153.0	170	187.0	1.0	138.0	5.0	2.5	244.0	0.108
P6KE170A	162.0	170	179.0	1.0	145.0	5.0	2.6	234.0	0.108
P6KE180	162.0	180	198.0	1.0	146.0	5.0	2.3	258.0	0.108
P6KE180A	171.0	180	189.0	1.0	154.0	5.0	2.4	246.0	0.108
P6KE200	180.0	200	220.0	1.0	162.0	5.0	2.1	287.0	0.108
P6KE200A	190.0	200	210.0	1.0	171.0	5.0	2.2	274.0	0.108

[†]Surge Current Waveform per Figure 4 and Derate per Figure 2.

**1/2 Square or Equivalent Sine Wave, PW = 8.3 ms, Duty Cycle = 4 Pulses per Minute maximum.

* V_{BR} measured after I_T applied for 300 μ s, I_T = Square Wave Pulse or equivalent.

FIGURE 1 – PULSE RATING CURVE

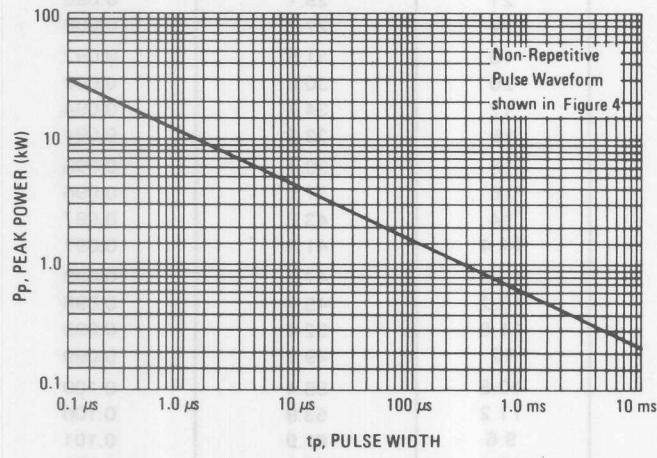


FIGURE 3 – CAPACITANCE versus BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE

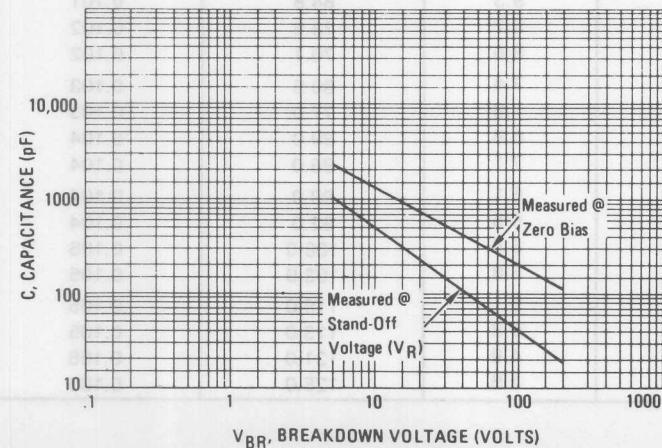


FIGURE 2 – PULSE DERATING CURVE

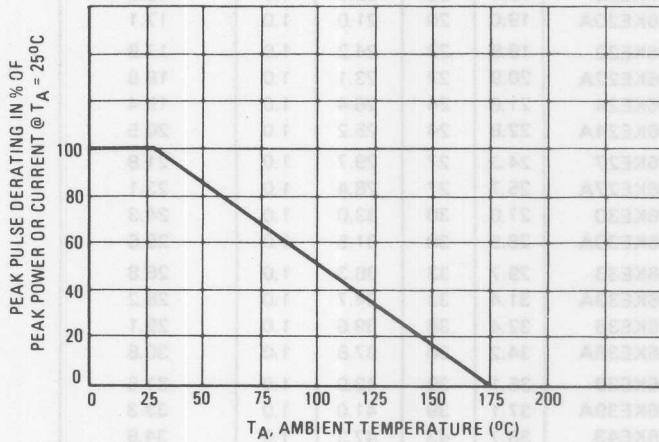
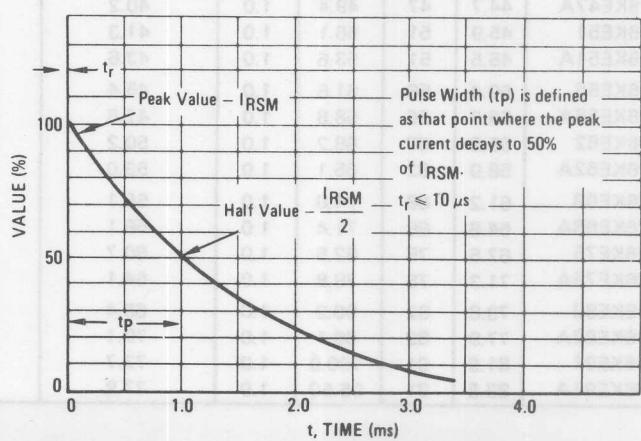


FIGURE 4 – PULSE WAVEFORM



MOSORBS/Mosorb Series



MOTOROLA

ZENER OVERVOLTAGE TRANSIENT SUPPRESSOR

Mosorb devices are designed to protect voltage sensitive components from high voltage, high energy transients. They have excellent clamping capability, high surge capability, low zener impedance and fast response time. These devices are Motorola's exclusive, cost-effective, highly reliable Surmetec axial leaded package and are ideally-suited for use in communication systems, numerical controls, process controls, medical equipment, business machines, power supplies and many other industrial/consumer applications, to protect CMOS, MOS and Bipolar integrated circuits.

SPECIFICATION FEATURES

- Standard Voltage Range — 5.0 to 200 V
- Peak Power — 1500 Watts @ 1.0 ms
- Maximum Clamp Voltage @ Peak Pulse Current
- Low Leakage < 5.0 μ A above 10 V
- Standard Back to Back Versions Available

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Units
Peak Power Dissipation (1) @ $T_L \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{PK}	1500	Watts
Steady State Power Dissipation @ $T_L \leq 75^\circ\text{C}$, Lead Length = 3/8" Derated above $T_L = 75^\circ\text{C}$	P_D	5.0 50	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Forward Surge Current (2) @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	I_{FSM}	200	Amps
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{stg}	-65 to +175	$^\circ\text{C}$

Lead Temperature not less than 1/16" from the case for 10 seconds: 230 $^\circ\text{C}$

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Void-free, transfer-molded, thermosetting plastic

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads are readily solderable and weldable

POLARITY: Cathode indicated by polarity band. When operated in zener mode, will be positive with respect to anode

MOUNTING POSITION: Any

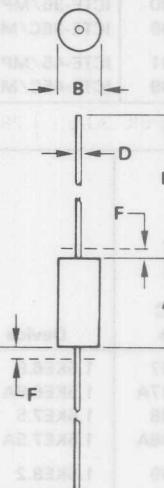
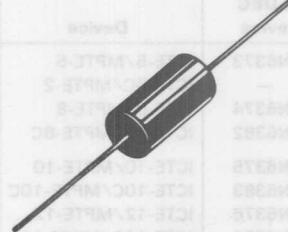
NOTES:

1. Nonrepetitive Current Pulse per Figure 4 and Derated above $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ per Figure 2.
2. 1/2 Square Wave (or equivalent), PW = 8.3 ms,
Duty Cycle = 4 Pulses per minute maximum.

1N5908
1N6373/ICTE-5, C/MPTE-5C
thru
1N6389/ICTE-45, C/MPTE-45, C
1N6267, A/1.5KE6.8, A
thru
1N6303, A/1.5KE200, A

MOSORBS ZENER OVERVOLTAGE TRANSIENT SUPPRESSORS

5.0-200 VOLT
1500 WATT PEAK POWER
5.0 WATTS STEADY STATE



NOTE:
1. LEAD FINISH AND DIA
UNCONTROLLED IN
AREA "F".

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	9.14	9.52	0.360	0.375
B	4.83	5.21	0.190	0.205
D	0.97	1.07	0.038	0.042
F	—	1.27	—	0.050
K	27.94	—	1.100	—

CASE 41-11

MOSORBS/Mosorb Series

MOSORBS/Mosorb Series

*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted) $V_F\# = 3.5 \text{ V max}$, $I_F^{**} = 100 \text{ A}$

Device	Breakdown Voltage		Maximum Reverse Stand-Off Voltage V_{RWM}^{***} (Volts)	Maximum Reverse Leakage @ V_{RWM} I_R (μA)	Maximum Reverse Voltage @ $I_{RSM\uparrow} = 120 \text{ A}$ (Clamping Voltage) V_{RSM} (Volts)	Clamping Voltage	
	V_{BR} (Volts) Min	@ I_T (mA)				Peak Pulse Current @ $I_{pp1\uparrow} = 30 \text{ A}$ V_{C1} (Volts max)	Peak Pulse Current @ $I_{pp2\uparrow} = 60 \text{ A}$ V_{C2} (Volts max)
1N5908	6.0	1.0	5.0	300	8.5	7.6	8.0

.ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted) $V_F\# = 3.5 \text{ V max}$, $I_F^{**} = 100 \text{ A}$ (C suffix denotes standard back to back versions.
Test both polarities)

JEDEC Device	Device	Breakdown Voltage		Maximum Reverse Stand-Off Voltage V_{RWM}^{***} (Volts)	Maximum Reverse Leakage @ V_{RWM} I_R (μA)	Maximum Reverse Voltage @ $I_{RSM\uparrow}$ (Clamping Voltage) V_{RSM} (Volts)	Clamping Voltage	
		V_{BR} Volts Min	@ I_T (mA)				Peak Pulse Current @ $I_{pp1\uparrow} = 1.0 \text{ A}$ V_{C1} (Volts max)	Peak Pulse Current @ $I_{pp2\uparrow} = 10 \text{ A}$ V_{C2} (Volts max)
1N6373	ICTE-5/MPTE-5	6.0	1.0	5.0	300	160	9.4	7.1
—	ICTE-5C/MPTE-2	6.0	1.0	5.0	300	160	9.4	8.1
1N6374	ICTE-8/MPTE-8	9.4	1.0	8.0	25	100	15.0	11.3
1N6382	ICTE-8C/MPTE-8C	9.4	1.0	8.0	25	100	15.0	11.4
1N6375	ICTE-10/MPTE-10	11.7	1.0	10	2.0	90	16.7	13.7
1N6383	ICTE-10C/MPTE-10C	11.7	1.0	10	2.0	90	16.7	14.1
1N6376	ICTE-12/MPTE-12	14.1	1.0	12	2.0	70	21.2	16.1
1N6384	ICTE-12C/MPTE-12C	14.1	1.0	12	2.0	70	21.2	16.7
1N6377	ICTE-15/MPTE-15	17.6	1.0	15	2.0	60	25.0	20.1
1N6385	ICTE-15C/MPTE-15C	17.6	1.0	15	2.0	60	25.0	20.8
1N6378	ICTE-18/MPTE-18	21.2	1.0	18	2.0	50	30.0	24.2
1N6386	ICTE-18C/MPTE-18C	21.2	1.0	18	2.0	50	30.0	24.8
1N6379	ICTE-22/MPTE-22	25.9	1.0	22	2.0	40	37.5	29.8
1N6387	ICTE-22C/MPTE-22C	25.9	1.0	22	2.0	40	37.5	30.8
1N6380	ICTE-36/MPTE-26	42.4	1.0	36	2.0	23	65.2	50.6
1N6388	ICTE-36C/MPTE-36C	42.4	1.0	36	2.0	23	65.2	50.6
1N6381	ICTE-45/MPTE-45	52.9	1.0	45	2.0	19	78.9	63.3
1N6389	ICTE-45C/MPTE-45C	52.9	1.0	45	2.0	19	78.9	63.3

JEDEC Device	Device	Breakdown Voltage			Working Peak Reverse Voltage V_{RWM} (Volts)	Maximum Reverse Leakage @ V_{RWM} I_R (μA)	Maximum Reverse Surge Current $I_{RSM\uparrow}$ (Amps)	Maximum Reverse Voltage @ I_{RSM} (Clamping Voltage) V_{RSM} (Volts)	Maximum Temperature Coefficient of V_{BR} (%/ $^\circ\text{C}$)
		V_{BR} Volts		@ I_T (mA)					
		Min	Nom	Max					
1N6267	1.5KE6.8	6.12	6.8	7.48	10	5.50	1000	139	10.8
1N6267A	1.5KE6.8A	6.45	6.8	7.14	10	5.80	1000	143	10.5
1N6268	1.5KE7.5	6.75	7.5	8.25	10	6.05	500	128	11.7
1N6268A	1.5KE7.5A	7.13	7.5	7.88	10	6.40	500	132	0.061
1N6269	1.5KE8.2	7.38	8.2	9.02	10	6.63	200	120	12.5
1N6269A	1.5KE8.2A	7.79	8.2	8.61	10	7.02	200	124	12.1
1N6270	1.5KE9.1	8.19	9.1	10.0	1.0	7.37	50	109	13.8
1N6270A	1.5KE9.1A	8.65	9.1	9.55	1.0	7.78	50	112	0.068
1N6271	1.5KE10	9.00	10	11	1.0	8.10	10	100	15.0
1N6271A	1.5KE10A	9.50	10	10.5	1.0	8.55	10	103	0.073
1N6272	1.5KE11	9.90	11	12.1	1.0	8.92	5.0	93.0	16.2
1N6272A	1.5KE11A	10.5	11	11.6	1.0	9.40	5.0	96.0	0.075

Data Codes		Notes	
1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0
2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0
3.0	3.0	4.0	4.0
4.0	4.0	5.0	5.0
5.0	5.0	6.0	6.0
6.0	6.0	7.0	7.0
7.0	7.0	8.0	8.0
8.0	8.0	9.0	9.0
9.0	9.0	10.0	10.0
10.0	10.0	11.0	11.0
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40.0	40.0	41.0	41.0
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43.0	43.0	44.0	44.0
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45.0	45.0	46.0	46.0
46.0	46.0	47.0	47.0
47.0	47.0	48.0	48.0
48.0	48.0	49.0	49.0
49.0	49.0	50.0	50.0
50.0	50.0	51.0	51.0
51.0	51.0	52.0	52.0
52.0	52.0	53.0	53.0
53.0	53.0	54.0	54.0
54.0	54.0	55.0	55.0
55.0	55.0	56.0	56.0
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87.0	87.0	88.0	88.0
88.0	88.0	89.0	89.0
89.0	89.0	90.0	90.0
90.0	90.0	91.0	91.0
91.0	91.0	92.0	92.0
92.0	92.0	93.0	93.0
93.0	93.0	94.0	94.0
94.0	94.0	95.0	95.0
95.0	95.0	96.0	96.0
96.0	96.0	97.0	97.0
97.0	97.0	98.0	98.0
98.0	98.0	99.0	99.0
99.0	99.0	100.0	100.0

NOTES: 1. Maximum Reverse Clamping Voltage V_{RSM} is determined by the equation:

$$V_{RSM} = 2.59^\circ\text{C} + 0.005 \text{ Volts}/\text{mA}$$
 2. 10% droop voltage for 10 microseconds maximum.

MOSORBS/Mosorb Series

MOSORBS/Mosorb Series

*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

JEDEC Device	Device	M _{BRV} (mV)	M _{BRP} (mV)	M _{BRW} (mV)	@ I _T (mA)	Working Peak Reverse Voltage	Maximum Reverse Surge Current I _{RSM†} (Amps)	Maximum Reverse Voltage @ I _{RSM} (Clamping Voltage) V _{RSMS} (Volts)	Maximum Temperature Coefficient of V _{BR} (%/°C)	
						Breakdown Voltage				
						V _{BR} Volts				
						Min	Nom	Max		
1N6273	1.5KE12	10.8	12	13.2	1.0	9.72	5.0	87.0	17.3	0.078
1N6273A	1.5KE12A	11.4	12	12.6	1.0	10.2	5.0	90.0	16.7	0.078
1N6274	1.5KE13	11.7	13	14.3	1.0	10.5	5.0	79.0	19.0	0.081
1N6274A	1.5KE13A	12.4	13	13.7	1.0	11.1	5.0	82.0	18.2	0.081
1N6275	1.5KE15	13.5	15	16.5	1.0	12.1	5.0	68.0	22.0	0.084
1N6275A	1.5KE15A	14.3	15	15.8	1.0	12.8	5.0	71.0	21.2	0.084
1N6276	1.5KE16	14.4	16	17.6	1.0	12.9	5.0	64.0	23.5	0.086
1N6276A	1.5KE16A	15.2	16	16.8	1.0	13.6	5.0	67.0	22.5	0.086
1N6277	1.5KE18	16.2	18	19.8	1.0	14.5	5.0	56.5	26.5	0.088
1N6277A	1.5KE18A	17.1	18	18.9	1.0	15.3	5.0	59.5	25.2	0.088
1N6278	1.5KE20	18.0	20	22.0	1.0	16.2	5.0	51.5	29.1	0.090
1N6278A	1.5KE20A	19.0	20	21.0	1.0	17.1	5.0	54.0	27.7	0.090
1N6279	1.5KE22	19.8	22	24.2	1.0	17.8	5.0	47.0	31.9	0.092
1N6279A	1.5KE22A	20.9	22	23.1	1.0	18.8	5.0	49.0	30.6	0.092
1N6280	1.5KE24	21.6	24	26.4	1.0	19.4	5.0	43.0	34.7	0.094
1N6280A	1.5KE24A	22.8	24	25.2	1.0	20.5	5.0	45.0	33.2	0.094
1N6281	1.5KE27	24.3	27	29.7	1.0	21.8	5.0	38.5	39.1	0.096
1N6281A	1.5KE27A	25.7	27	28.4	1.0	23.1	5.0	40.0	37.5	0.096
1N6282	1.5KE30	27.0	30	33.0	1.0	24.3	5.0	34.5	43.5	0.097
1N6282A	1.5KE30A	28.5	30	31.5	1.0	25.6	5.0	36.0	41.4	0.097
1N6283	1.5KE33	29.7	33	36.3	1.0	26.8	5.0	31.5	47.7	0.098
1N6283A	1.5KE33A	31.4	33	34.7	1.0	28.2	5.0	33.0	45.7	0.098
1N6284	1.5KE36	32.4	36	39.6	1.0	29.1	5.0	29.0	52.0	0.099
1N6284A	1.5KE36A	34.2	36	37.8	1.0	30.8	5.0	30.0	49.9	0.099
1N6285	1.5KE39	35.1	39	42.9	1.0	31.6	5.0	26.5	56.4	0.100
1N6285A	1.5KE39A	37.1	39	41.0	1.0	33.3	5.0	28.0	53.9	0.100
1N6286	1.5KE43	38.7	43	47.3	1.0	34.8	5.0	24.0	61.9	0.101
1N6286A	1.5KE43A	40.9	43	45.2	1.0	36.8	5.0	25.3	59.3	0.101
1N6287	1.5KE47	42.3	47	51.7	1.0	38.1	5.0	22.2	67.8	0.101
1N6287A	1.5KE47A	44.7	47	49.4	1.0	40.2	5.0	23.2	64.8	0.101
1N6288	1.5KE51	45.9	51	56.1	1.0	41.3	5.0	20.4	73.5	0.102
1N6288A	1.5KE51A	48.5	51	53.6	1.0	43.6	5.0	21.4	70.1	0.102
1N6289	1.5KE56	50.4	56	61.6	1.0	45.4	5.0	18.6	80.5	0.103
1N6289A	1.5KE56A	53.2	56	58.8	1.0	47.8	5.0	19.5	77.0	0.103
1N6290	1.5KE62	55.8	62	68.2	1.0	50.2	5.0	16.9	89.0	0.104
1N6290A	1.5KE62A	58.9	62	65.1	1.0	53.0	5.0	17.7	85.0	0.104
1N6291	1.5KE68	61.2	68	74.8	1.0	55.1	5.0	15.3	98.0	0.104
1N6291A	1.5KE68A	64.6	68	71.4	1.0	58.1	5.0	16.3	92.0	0.104
1N6292	1.5KE75	67.5	75	82.5	1.0	60.7	5.0	13.9	108.0	0.105
1N6292A	1.5KE75A	71.3	75	78.8	1.0	64.1	5.0	14.6	103.0	0.105
1N6293	1.5KE82	73.8	82	90.2	1.0	66.4	5.0	12.7	118.0	0.105
1N6293A	1.5KE82A	77.9	82	86.1	1.0	70.1	5.0	13.3	113.0	0.105
1N6294	1.5KE91	81.9	91	100.0	1.0	73.7	5.0	11.4	131.0	0.106
1N6294A	1.5KE91A	86.5	91	95.50	1.0	77.8	5.0	12.0	125.0	0.106

†Surge Current Waveform per Figure 4 and Derate per Figure 2.

*Indicates JEDEC Registered Data.

**1/2 Square or Equivalent Sine Wave, PW = 8.3 ms, Duty Cycle = 4 Pulses per Minute maximum.

***A Transient Suppressor is normally selected according to the maximum reverse stand-off voltage (V_{RWM}), which should be equal to or greater than the dc or continuous peak operating voltage level.

#V_F applies to Non-C suffix devices only.

C suffix denotes standard back-to-back versions. Test both polarities.

To order clipper bidirectional device, add a "C" suffix to 1.5KE device title; i.e., 1.5KE7.5C or 1.5KE7.5CA.

MOSORBS/Mosorb Series

*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

JEDEC Device	Device	Breakdown Voltage			Working Peak Reverse Voltage V_{BR} Volts	Maximum Reverse Leakage @ V_{RWM} I_R (mA)	Maximum Reverse Surge Current I_{RSM}^{\dagger} (Amps)	Maximum Reverse Voltage at I_{RSM} (Clamping Voltage) V_{RSM} (Volts)	Maximum Temperature Coefficient of V_{BR} (%/°C)					
		V_{BR} Volts		@ I_T (mA)										
		Min	Nom											
1N6295	1.5KE100	90.0	100	110.0	1.0	81.0	5.0	10.4	144.0	0.106				
1N6295A	1.5KE100A	95.0	100	105.0	1.0	85.5	5.0	11.0	137.0	0.106				
1N6296	1.5KE110	99.0	110	121.0	1.0	89.2	5.0	9.5	158.0	0.107				
1N6296A	1.5KE110A	105.0	110	116.0	1.0	94.0	5.0	9.9	152.0	0.107				
1N6297	1.5KE120	108.0	120	132.0	1.0	97.2	5.0	8.7	173.0	0.107				
1N6297A	1.5KE120A	114.0	120	126.0	1.0	102.0	5.0	9.1	165.0	0.107				
1N6298	1.5KE130	117.0	130	143.0	1.0	105.0	5.0	8.0	187.0	0.107				
1N6298A	1.5KE130A	124.0	130	137.0	1.0	111.0	5.0	8.4	179.0	0.107				
1N6299	1.5KE150	135.0	150	165.0	1.0	121.0	5.0	7.0	215.0	0.108				
1N6299A	1.5KE150A	143.0	150	158.0	1.0	128.0	5.0	7.2	207.0	0.108				
1N6300	1.5KE160	144.0	160	176.0	1.0	130.0	5.0	6.5	230.0	0.108				
1N6300A	1.5KE160A	152.0	160	168.0	1.0	136.0	5.0	6.8	219.0	0.108				
1N6301	1.5KE170	153.0	170	187.0	1.0	138.0	5.0	6.2	244.0	0.108				
1N6301A	1.5KE170A	162.0	170	179.0	1.0	145.0	5.0	6.4	234.0	0.108				
1N6302	1.5KE180	162.0	180	198.0	1.0	146.0	5.0	5.8	258.0	0.108				
1N6302A	1.5KE180A	171.0	180	189.0	1.0	154.0	5.0	6.1	246.0	0.108				
1N6303	1.5KE200	180.0	200	220.0	1.0	162.0	5.0	5.2	287.0	0.108				
1N6303A	1.5KE200A	190.0	200	210.0	1.0	171.0	5.0	5.5	274.0	0.108				

[†] Surge Current Waveform per Figure 4 and Derate per Figure 2.

*Indicates JEDEC Registered Data.

**1/2 Square Equivalent Sine Wave, PW = 8.3 ms, Duty Cycle = 4 Pulses per Minute maximum.

To order clipper-bidirectional device add a "C" suffix to 1.5KE device title, i.e., 1.5KE7.5C or 1.5KE7.5CA.

FIGURE 1 -- PULSE RATING CURVE

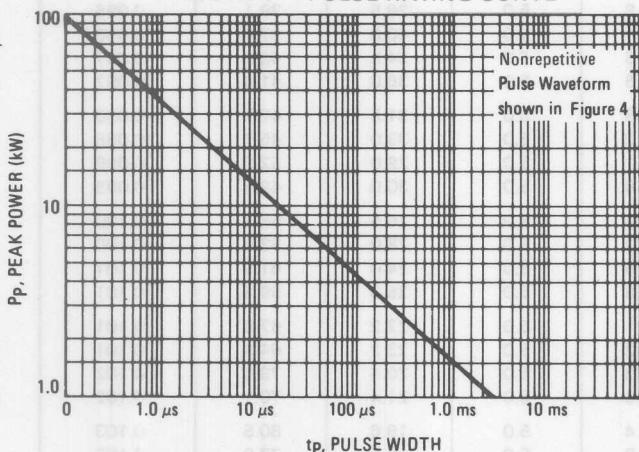


FIGURE 3 — CAPACITANCE versus BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE

1N6373, ICTE-5, C, MPTE-5, C
thru
1N6389, ICTE-45, C, MPTE-45, C

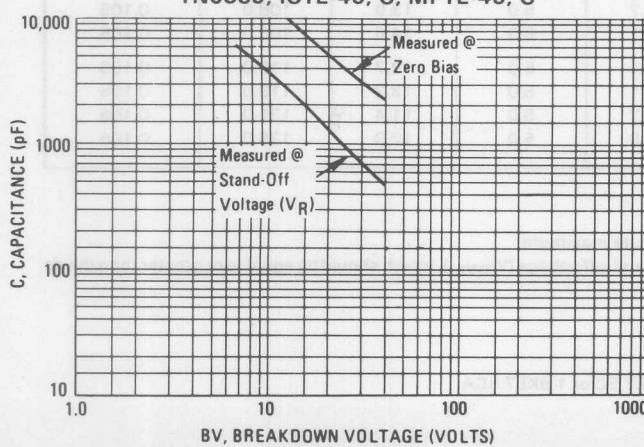
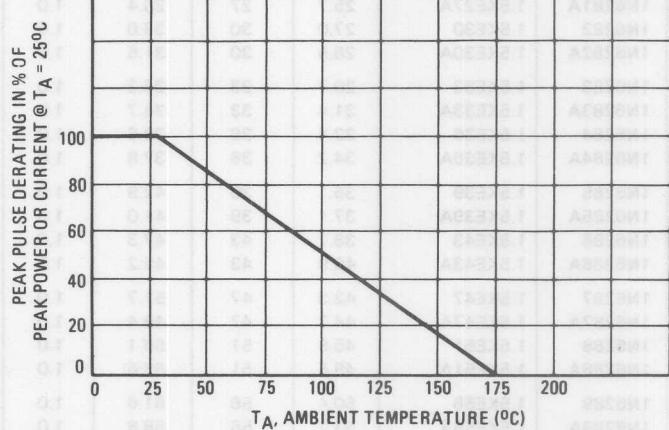


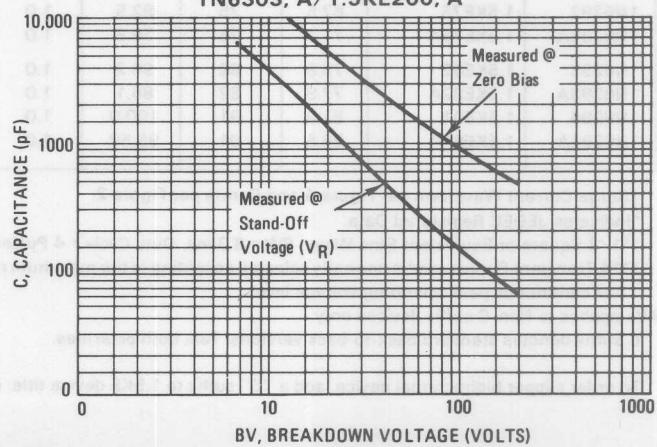
FIGURE 2 — PULSE DERATING CURVE



1N6267, A/1.5KE6.8, A

thru

1N6303, A/1.5KE200, A



MOSORBS/Mosorb Series

MPZ-35 Series
MPZ-180 Series

FIGURE 4 — STEADY STATE POWER DERATING

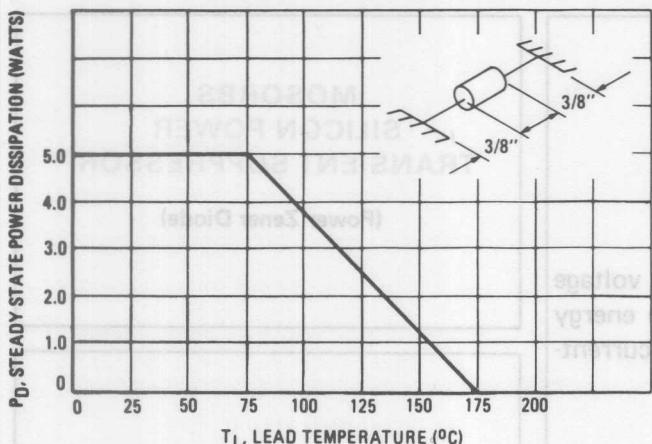


FIGURE 6 — DYNAMIC IMPEDANCE

1N6373, ICTE-5, C, MPTE-5, C
thru
1N6389, ICTE-45, C, MPTE-45, C

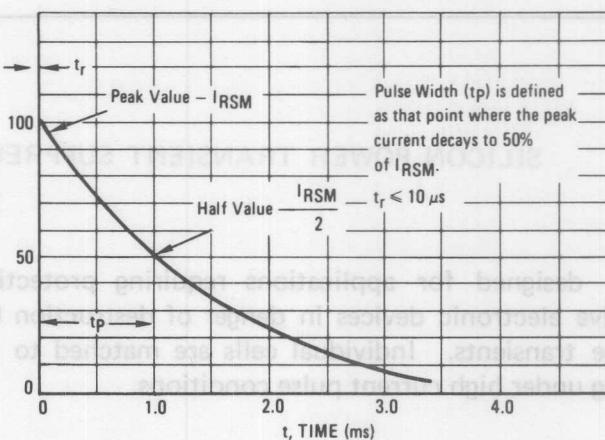
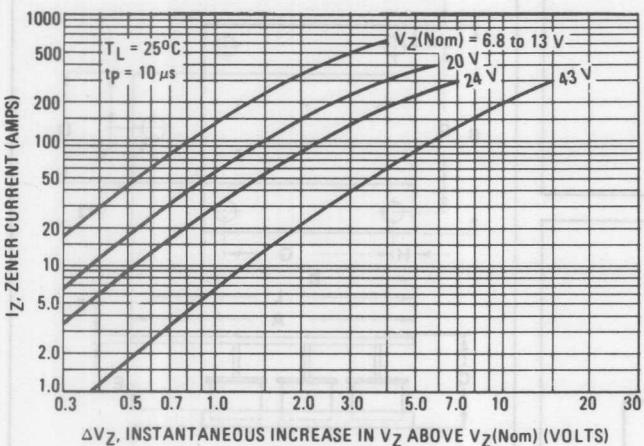
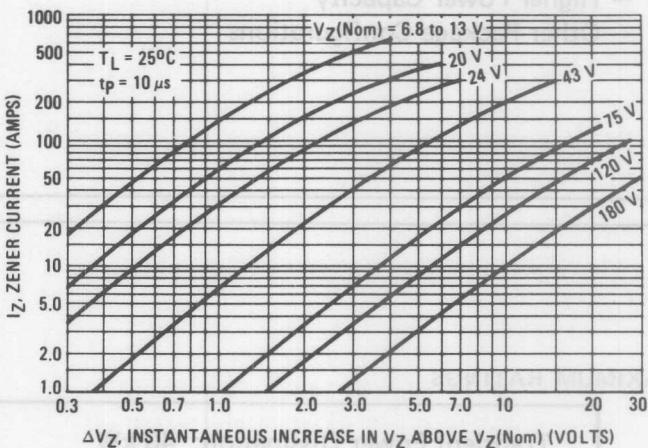


FIGURE 5 — PULSE WAVEFORM

1N6267, A/1.5KE6.8, A
thru
1N6303, A/1.5KE200, A



ΔV_Z, INSTANTANEOUS INCREASE IN V_Z ABOVE V_Z(Nom) (VOLTS)

ΔV_Z, INSTANTANEOUS INCREASE IN V_Z ABOVE V_Z(Nom) (VOLTS)

ITEM	MAX			MIN		
	MAX	MIN	UNIT	MAX	MIN	UNIT
QSD-5	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QZ-5	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QSD-10	—	—	A	—	—	A
QSD-15	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QSD-20	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QSD-30	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QSD-40	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QSD-50	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QSD-60	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QSD-70	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QSD-80	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QSD-90	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QSD-100	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QSD-120	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QSD-150	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QSD-180	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QSD-200	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QSD-250	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QSD-300	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QSD-350	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QSD-400	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QSD-450	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QSD-500	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QSD-600	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QSD-700	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QSD-800	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QSD-900	1000	100	A	100	10	A
QSD-1000	1000	100	A	100	10	A

CAGE 10-8-91

D2580041



SILICON POWER TRANSIENT SUPPRESSOR

... designed for applications requiring protection of voltage sensitive electronic devices in danger of destruction by high energy voltage transients. Individual cells are matched to insure current-sharing under high current pulse conditions.

- Peak Surge Power Capacity Given From 0.1 ms To 10 Seconds
- Low Clamping Factor Assures Low Voltage Overshoot
- Negligible Power Loss
- Small Size and Weight
- Following Variations are Available:
 - Non-Standard Voltages
 - Higher Power Capacity
 - Other Package Configurations

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Transient Power Dissipation: 40 kW

Pulse Width: 0.1ms, (See Figure 1)

DC Power Dissipation: 350 Watts @ $T_C = 25^\circ C$
(Derate 2.33 W/ $^\circ C$ above $25^\circ C$)

Operating Junction & Storage Temperature
Range: $-65^\circ C$ to $+175^\circ C$

Polarity:

Anode-to-Case is Standard

Cathode-to-Case Available Upon Request

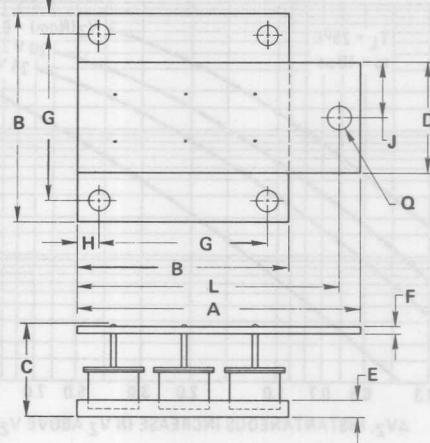
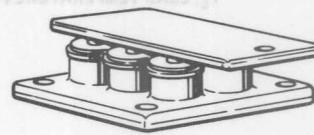
MPZ5-16 series

MPZ5-32 series

MPZ5-180 series

MOSORBS
SILICON POWER
TRANSIENT SUPPRESSOR

(Power Zener Diode)



NOTE: DIA "Q" 5 PLACES

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	50.29	51.31	1.980	2.020
B	37.59	38.61	1.480	1.520
C	—	16.51	—	0.650
D	20.24	21.01	0.797	0.827
E	2.92	3.43	0.115	0.135
F	1.32	1.83	0.052	0.072
G	29.97	30.99	1.180	1.220
H	3.56	4.06	0.140	0.160
J	10.06	10.57	0.396	0.416
L	46.74	47.74	1.840	1.860
Q	3.30	3.81	0.130	0.150

CASE 119-01

MOSORBS/MPZ5 Series

A) JUNCTION Temperature Range		B) JUNCTION Temperature Range		C) Pulse Breakdown		D) SiMOS Breakdown		E) Direct Breakdown		F) Multi-layer Breakdown		
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$) ($V_F = 1.5 \text{ V max} @ 10 \text{ A}$ for all types)												
Type	Nominal Operating Voltage (Note 1)		Maximum Device Clamping Factor $C_F = V_Z @ I_Z (\text{pulse})$	Minimum Zener Voltage		Maximum Zener Voltage Pulse Width = 1.0 ms		Maximum Reverse Current $I_R(\text{max})$ @ $V_R = V_{OP(PK)}$ $\mu\text{A}/\text{dC}$		Typical Capacitance $C (\text{typ})$ @ $V_R = V_{OP(PK)}$ μF		
Type	$V_{OP(PK)}$ Vdc	$V_{OP(RMS)}$ V rms	$V_Z @ I_Z T$ (Note 2)		$V_Z(\text{min})$ Vdc	@ $I_Z T$ Adc	$V_Z(\text{max})$ Vdc	@ $I_Z(\text{pulse})$ Adc				
MPZ5-16A .16B .32A .32B .32C .180A .180B .180C	14 14 28 28 28 165 165 165	10 10 20 20 20 117 117 117	1.25 1.25 1.25 1.25 1.25 1.14 1.14 1.14	1.25 1.25 1.25 1.25 1.25 180 180 180	16 16 32 32 32 0.4 0.4 0.2	0.4 0.4 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.03 0.03 0.03	24 20 50 45 40 250 225 205	200 200 100 100 100 20 20 20	50 50 100 100 100 20 20 20	0.025 0.025 0.011 0.011 0.011 0.0012 0.0012 0.0012		

FIGURE 1 – MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE SURGE POWER
(RECTANGULAR WAVEFORM)

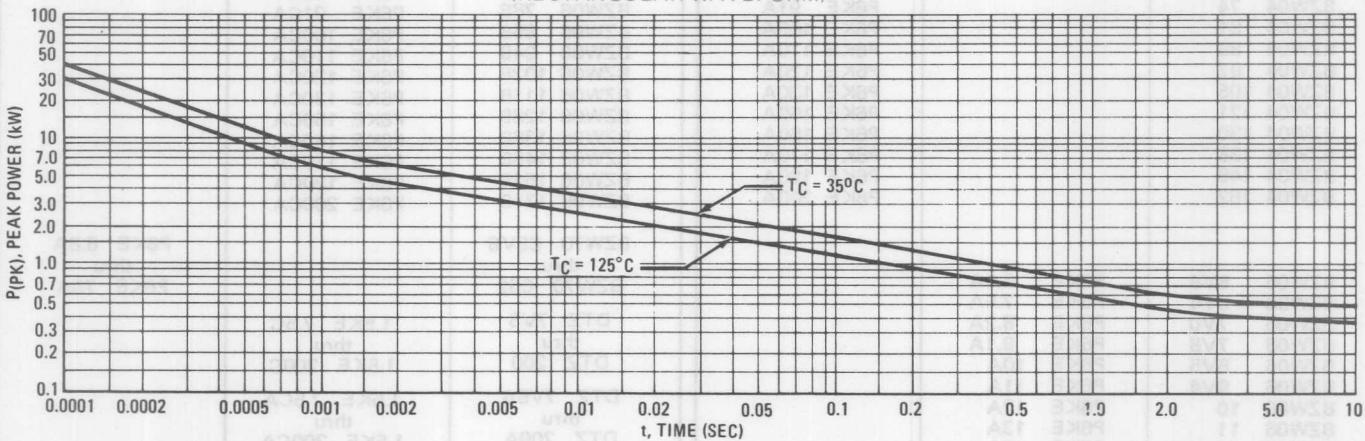
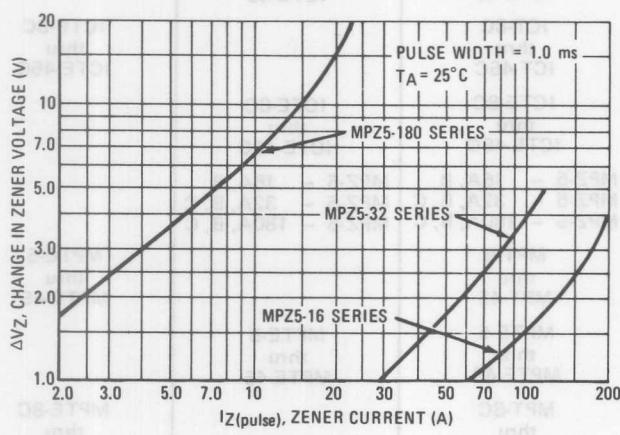


FIGURE 2 – TYPICAL DYNAMIC ZENER
VOLTAGE CHARACTERISTICS (Note 2)



NOTE 1: Nominal operating voltage is defined as normal input voltage to device for non-operating condition. If non-sinusoidal wave or dc input is present, peak voltage input values $V_{OP(PK)}$ should be used to select device type.

NOTE 2: The maximum device clamping factor C_F is a ratio of V_Z measured at I_Z (pulse) given in the Electrical Characteristics Table divided by V_Z measured at $I_Z T$ under steady state conditions. This value guarantees the sharpness of the voltage breakdown of individual devices. Figure 2 demonstrates the typical sharpness of the breakdown, and indicates the voltage regulation over a wide range of currents.

$$\Delta V_Z = V_Z @ I_Z(\text{pulse}) - V_Z @ I_Z T$$

TABLE 3 – CROSS-REFERENCE

Industry Part Number	MOTOROLA Direct Replacement	MOTOROLA Similar Replacement	Industry Part Number	MOTOROLA Direct Replacement	MOTOROLA Similar Replacement
BZW04 5V5		P6KE 6.8A	BZW06 5V8B	P6KE 6.8CA	
BZW04 6V0		P6KE 7.5A	BZW06 6V4B	P6KE 7.5CA	
BZW04 6V6		P6KE 8.2A	BZW06 7V0B	P6KE 8.2CA	
BZW04 7V4		P6KE 9.1A	BZW06 7V8B	P6KE 9.1CA	
BZW04 8V1		P6KE 10A	BZW06 8V5B	P6KE 10CA	
BZW04 8V9		P6KE 11A	BZW06 9V4B	P6KE 11CA	
BZW04 9V7		P6KE 12A	BZW06 10B	P6KE 12CA	
BZW04 10		P6KE 13A	BZW06 11B	P6KE 13CA	
BZW04 12		P6KE 15A	BZW06 13B	P6KE 15CA	
BZW04 13		P6KE 16A	BZW06 14B	P6KE 16CA	
BZW04 14		P6KE 18A	BZW06 15B	P6KE 18CA	
BZW04 16		P6KE 20A	BZW06 17B	P6KE 20CA	
BZW04 18		P6KE 22A	BZW06 19B	P6KE 22CA	
BZW04 19		P6KE 24A	BZW06 20B	P6KE 24CA	
BZW04 22		P6KE 27A	BZW06 23B	P6KE 27CA	
BZW04 24		P6KE 30A	BZW06 26B	P6KE 30CA	
BZW04 27		P6KE 33A	BZW06 28B	P6KE 33CA	
BZW04 29		P6KE 36A	BZW06 31B	P6KE 36CA	
BZW04 32		P6KE 39A	BZW06 33B	P6KE 39CA	
BZW04 35		P6KE 43A	BZW06 37B	P6KE 43CA	
BZW04 38		P6KE 47A	BZW06 40B	P6KE 47CA	
BZW04 41		P6KE 51A	BZW06 44B	P6KE 51CA	
BZW04 45		P6KE 56A	BZW06 48B	P6KE 56CA	
BZW04 50		P6KE 62A	BZW06 53B	P6KE 62CA	
BZW04 55		P6KE 68A	BZW06 58B	P6KE 68CA	
BZW04 61		P6KE 75A	BZW06 64B	P6KE 75CA	
BZW04 66		P6KE 82A	BZW06 70B	P6KE 82CA	
BZW04 74		P6KE 91A	BZW06 78B	P6KE 91CA	
BZW04 81		P6KE 100A	BZW06 85B	P6KE 100CA	
BZW04 89		P6KE 110A	BZW06 94B	P6KE 110CA	
BZW04 97		P6KE 120A	BZW06 102B	P6KE 120CA	
BZW04 105		P6KE 130A	BZW06 111B	P6KE 130CA	
BZW04 121		P6KE 150A	BZW06 128B	P6KE 150CA	
BZW04 130		P6KE 160A	BZW06 136B	P6KE 160CA	
BZW04 138		P6KE 170A	BZW06 145B	P6KE 170CA	
BZW04 146		P6KE 180A	BZW06 154B	P6KE 180CA	
BZW04 162		P6KE 200A	BZW06 171B	P6KE 200CA	
BZW06 5V8	P6KE 6.8A		BZW70 C5V6 thru BZW70 C62		P6KE 6.8A thru P6KE 75A
BZW06 6V4	P6KE 7.5A		DTZ 7V5 thru DTZ 200	1.5KE 7.5C thru 1.5KE 200C	
BZW06 7V0	P6KE 8.2A		DTZ 7V5A thru DTZ 200A	1.5KE 7.5CA thru 1.5KE 200CA	
BZW06 7V8	P6KE 9.1A		ICT-5 thru ICT-45		ICTE-5 thru ICTE-45
BZW06 8V5	P6KE 10A		ICTE-5 thru ICTE-45		ICTE-5 thru ICTE-45
BZW06 9V4	P6KE 11A		ICT-8C thru ICT-45C		ICTE-8C thru ICTE-45C
BZW06 10	P6KE 12A		ICTE-8C thru ICTE-45C		ICTE-8C thru ICTE-45C
BZW06 11	P6KE 13A		MPZ-5 – 16A, B thru MPZ-5 – 180A, B, C	MPZ-5 – 16A, B thru MPZ-5 – 180A, B, C	MPTE-5 thru MPTE-45
BZW06 13	P6KE 15A		MPT-5 thru MPT-45		MPTE-5 thru MPTE-45
BZW06 14	P6KE 16A		MPTE-5 thru MPTE-45		MPTE-8C thru MPTE-45C
BZW06 15	P6KE 18A		MPT-8C thru MPT-45C		MPTE-8C thru MPTE-45C
BZW06 17	P6KE 20A		MPTE-8C thru MPTE-45C		MPTE-8C thru MPTE-45C
BZW06 19	P6KE 22A				
BZW06 20	P6KE 24A				
BZW06 23	P6KE 27A				
BZW06 26	P6KE 30A				
BZW06 28	P6KE 33A				
BZW06 31	P6KE 36A				
BZW06 33	P6KE 39A				
BZW06 37	P6KE 43A				
BZW06 40	P6KE 47A				
BZW06 44	P6KE 51A				
BZW06 48	P6KE 56A				
BZW06 53	P6KE 62A				
BZW06 58	P6KE 68A				
BZW06 64	P6KE 75A				
BZW06 70	P6KE 82A				
BZW06 78	P6KE 91A				
BZW06 85	P6KE 100A				
BZW06 94	P6KE 110A				
BZW06 102	P6KE 120A				
BZW06 111	P6KE 130A				
BZW06 128	P6KE 150A				
BZW06 136	P6KE 160A				
BZW06 145	P6KE 170A				
BZW06 154	P6KE 180A				
BZW06 171	P6KE 200A				

Industry Part Number	MOTOROLA Direct Replacement	MOTOROLA Similar Replacement	Industry Part Number	MOTOROLA Direct Replacement	MOTOROLA Similar Replacement
PFZ 6V8	1N6267		TVS 505		P6KE 6.8A
PFZ 6V8A	1N6267A		TVS 510		P6KE 12A
PFZ 7V5	1N6268		TVS 512		P6KE 15A
PFZ 7V5A	1N6268A		TVS 515		P6KE 18A
PFZ 8V2	1N6269		TVS 518		P6KE 22A
PFZ 8V2A	1N6269A		TVS 524		P6KE 30A
PFZ 9V1	1N6270		TVS 528		P6KE 33A
PFZ 9V1A	1N6270A		ZZ 16		
PFZ 10	1N6271		ZZ 36		P6KE 16CA
PFZ 10A	1N6271A		ZZ 62		P6KE 36CA
PFZ 11	1N6272		ZZ 160		P6KE 62CA
PFZ 11A	1N6272A		ZZY 16		P6KE 160CA
PFZ 12	1N6273		ZZY 36		
PFZ 12A	1N6273A		ZZY 62		P6KE 16CA
PFZ 13	1N6274		ZZY 160		P6KE 36CA
PFZ 13A	1N6274A		1N5629, A		P6KE 62CA
PFZ 15	1N6275		1N5630, A		P6KE 160CA
PFZ 15A	1N6275A		1N5631, A		
PFZ 16	1N6276		1N5632, A		1N6267, A
PFZ 16A	1N6276A		1N5633, A		1N6268, A
PFZ 18	1N6277		1N5634, A		1N6269, A
PFZ 18A	1N6277A		1N5635, A		1N6270, A
PFZ 20	1N6278		1N5636, A		1N6271, A
PFZ 20A	1N6278A		1N5637, A		1N6272, A
PFZ 22	1N6279		1N5638, A		1N6273, A
PFZ 22A	1N6279A		1N5639, A		1N6274, A
PFZ 24	1N6280		1N5640, A		1N6275, A
PFZ 24A	1N6280A		1N5641, A		1N6276, A
PFZ 27	1N6281		1N5642, A		1N6277, A
PFZ 27A	1N6281A		1N5643, A		1N6278, A
PFZ 30	1N6282		1N5644, A		1N6279, A
PFZ 30A	1N6282A		1N5645, A		1N6280, A
PFZ 33	1N6283		1N5646, A		1N6281, A
PFZ 33A	1N6283A		1N5647, A		1N6282, A
PFZ 36	1N6284		1N5648, A		1N6283, A
PFZ 36A	1N6284A		1N5649, A		1N6284, A
PFZ 39	1N6285		1N5650, A		1N6285, A
PFZ 39A	1N6285A		1N5651, A		1N6286, A
PFZ 43	1N6286		1N5652, A		1N6287, A
PFZ 43A	1N6286A		1N5653, A		1N6288, A
PFZ 47	1N6287		1N5654, A		1N6289, A
PFZ 47A	1N6287A		1N5655, A		1N6290, A
PFZ 51	1N6288		1N5656, A		1N6291, A
PFZ 51A	1N6288A		1N5657, A		1N6292, A
PFZ 56	1N6289		1N5658, A		1N6293, A
PFZ 56A	1N6289A		1N5659, A		1N6294, A
PFZ 62	1N6290		1N5660, A		1N6295, A
PFZ 62A	1N6290A		1N5661, A		1N6296, A
PFZ 68	1N6291		1N5662, A		1N6297, A
PFZ 68A	1N6291A		1N5663, A		1N6298, A
PFZ 75	1N6292		1N5664, A		1N6299, A
PFZ 75A	1N6292A		1N5665, A		1N6300, A
PFZ 82	1N6293		1N5907		1N6301, A
PFZ 82A	1N6293A		1N5908		1N6302, A
PFZ 91	1N6294				1N6303, A
PFZ 91A	1N6294A				
PFZ 100	1N6295				1N5908
PFZ 100A	1N6295A				
PFZ 110	1N6296				
PFZ 110A	1N6296A				
PFZ 120	1N6297		1N6267, A		
PFZ 120A	1N6297A		thru		
PFZ 130	1N6298		1N6303, A		
PFZ 130A	1N6298A				
PFZ 150	1N6299				
PFZ 150A	1N6299A		1.5KE 6.8, A		
PFZ 160	1N6300		thru		
PFZ 160A	1N6300A		1.5KE 220, A		
PFZ 170	1N6301				
PFZ 170A	1N6301A				
PFZ 180	1N6302				
PFZ 180A	1N6302A				
PFZ 200	1N6303				
PFZ 200A	1N6303A				
PFZ 220	1.5KE 220				
PFZ 220A	1.5KE 220A				

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Sales Office Chemin de Malacher-Zirst — 38240 Meylan (Grenoble) Tel. (76) 90 22 81	HOLLAND	SPAIN	Sales Office
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